## **Addiction Potential Scale (APS)**

BRIEF DESCRIPTION	The APS was developed as an MMPI-2-based measure of the personality factors underlying the development of addictive disorders. The scale was empirically derived by selecting MMPI-2 items that differentiated alcoholics and drug abusers from psychiatric patients and normals. Scale development procedures followed the empirical scale development procedures used by MacAndrew (1965) in developing the Mac scale except that the MMPI-2 item pool, which incorporated more relevant item content, was used.
TARGET POPULATION	<b>⊠</b> Adults
	☐ Adolescents
ADMINISTRATIVE ISSUES	Number of items: 39
	Number of subscales:
	Format(s): 🗵 Pencil-and-paper self-administered
	☐ Interview
	☐ Observation
	☐ Other
	Time required for administration: Brief
	Administered by: Self or administrative staff
	Training required for administration? $\boxtimes$ yes $\square$ no
SCORING	Time required to score/interpret: <i>Brief</i>
	Scored by: Clinician or computer
	Scoring key? ⊠ yes □ no
	Computerized scoring or interpretation available? $oximes$ yes $oximes$ no
	Norms available? ⊠ yes □ no
	Instrument normed on subgroups? $\boxtimes$ yes $\square$ no
	Which groups? Normals, alcohol/drug abusers, psychiatric cases

PSYCHOMETRICS	Have reliability studies been done? $\boxtimes$ yes $\square$ no
	What measure(s) of reliability was used?
	⊠ Test-retest
	☐ Split half
	⊠ Internal consistency
	Have validity studies been done? $\boxtimes$ yes $\square$ no
	What measures of validity have been derived?
	☐ Content
	⊠ Criterion (predictive, concurrent, "postdictive")
	☐ Construct
CLINICAL UTILITY OF INSTRUMENT	The APS successfully detects personality characteristics that are associated with developing drug or alcohol abuse problems.
RESEARCH APPLICABILITY	This measure can be scored from MMPI-2, which is given in many clinical research studies on a routine basis. It has a substantial normative base.
SOURCE, COST AND COPYRIGHT ISSUES	Copyright: ⊠ yes □ no
	Cost: Contact the source.
	Source: MMPI-2 provided through:
	National Computer Systems Assessments Division
	P.O. Box 1416
	Minneapolis, MN 55440
SOURCE REFERENCE	Weed, N, Butcher, N.J., McKenna, T. & Ben-Porath, Y. (1992). New measures for assessing alcohol and other drug problems with the MMPI-2: The APS and AAS. <i>Journal of Personality Assessment</i> , 58, 389-404.
SUPPORTING REFERENCES	Dietz, C.B. (2000). Effects of underreporting of psychopathology of MMPI-2 substance abuse scales among college students. <i>Dissertation Abstracts International</i> , 60(8), 4215B-4216B.
	Rouse, S.V., Butcher, J.N & Miller, K.B. (1999). Assessment of substance abuse in psychotherapy clients: The effectiveness of the MMPI-2 substance abuse scales. <i>Psychological Assessment</i> , 11(1), 101-107.
	Svanum, S., McGrew, J. & Ehrmann, L. (1994). Validity of the substance abuse scales of the MMPI-2 in a college student sample. <i>Journal of Personality Assessment, 62(3), 427-439</i> .
	Weed, N.C., Butcher, J.N. & Williams, C.L. (1994). Development of MMPI-A alcohol/drug problem scales. <i>Journal of Studies on Alcohol</i> , 55(3), 296-302.
	Greene, R.L., Weed, N., Butcher, J.N., Arredondo, R. & Davis, H. (1992). A cross-validation of MMPI-2 substance abuse scales. <i>Journal of Personality Assessment</i> , 58, 405-410